



Carbon Monoxide safety

Carbon monoxide gas is odorless and colorless. Prolonged exposure to carbon monoxide can lead to serious illness and even death.

What causes carbon monoxide poisoning?

- Carbon monoxide may be released as a result of improperly functioning heaters, boilers, fireplaces, stoves, or any other gas or fuel-powered equipment. When released in an enclosed area, it may result in carbon monoxide poisoning.

What are the symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning?

- Exposure to carbon monoxide can cause flu-like symptoms, including headache, dizziness, weakness, nausea, and loss of muscle control.
- Symptoms may occur immediately or gradually.

How can I prevent carbon monoxide poisoning?

- Properly maintain heaters, boilers, fireplaces, stoves, and other gas or fuel-powered equipment.
- Install carbon monoxide detectors in every area of your home, especially near bedrooms.
- Check the batteries of your carbon monoxide detector at least every six months.
- If you experience any symptoms or your carbon monoxide alarm sounds, go outside immediately. Seek emergency medical help if symptoms do not quickly improve.

If your carbon monoxide alarm sounds go outside and call 911

Then, call the PSE&G Emergency Service line: **1-800-880-PSEG (7734)**.

Other ways to prevent carbon monoxide poisoning include:

- Never use a gas oven or range to heat a room. Ensure that any natural gas-burning appliances are installed, maintained and used safely and according to manufacturer instructions.
- Gas appliances should be checked by a qualified technician periodically to ensure that they are working properly.
- Do not allow vehicles, lawnmowers, snow blowers, or any gasoline-powered engine to idle in a garage attached to a house. Carbon monoxide can drift into the living space and create a hazardous situation.



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